

Year 8 – 'In the Sea there are Crocodiles'

What I will know and understand about Chapter One - Afghanistan:

- o Key terms misconceptions & preconceptions.
- o How to **compare** headlines of a broadsheet and tabloid newspaper.
- Why Akbari left Afghanistan.
- o Why Akbari's mother left
- Key contextual details such as:
 - Who the Hazara people are and the Pashun society.
 - Who the Taliban are.
 - What Muezzin & Minarets are.
 - Where the **Ghazni** province is
- What is established in the exposition.
- How Geda uses analepsis.
- Why Geda uses repetition and humour.
- How foreshadowing is used at the end of the chapter and how Geda uses structure to emphasise the tragedy of the
 executed teacher and the closure of the school.

I will be able to:

- Summarise the key events of chapter one.
- Use **exploratory talk** to discuss the following question: why do you think that Geda uses analepsis at the start of the novel
- Using the extract on page 17, discuss how Geda uses repetition and humour to characterise Akbari.
- Use exploratory talk to discuss the following question: How does Geda use language and structure to build tension and excitement towards the end of the chapter?

What I will know and understand about Chapter Two - Pakistan:

- Key contextual details such as:
 - What Khasta Kofta, Chay, Shir chay and Naan tandoori are..
 - Where Iran, Teheran, Kerman and Qom are.
 - What the Qu'ran is.
- The challenges of the journey through Pakistan to Iran.
- Geda's use of metaphor to demonstrate the decision Akbari makes.

I will be able to:

- o Through **exploratory talk**, discuss why Akbari listens to the children playing when he is working.
- Through **exploratory talk**, discuss how Geda's use of **metaphor** helps to understand Rahim's view on the decision to use people traffickers.
- Answer the following question based on your knowledge of the text: A student said, it is clear that Rahim has concerns
 about Akbari's decision to use people traffickers. To what extent do you agree.

What I will know and understand about Chapter Three - Iran:

- What trafficking means and what people traffickers are.
- Key phrases such as:
 - Na ba omidi khoda = No, with the hope of God.
 - Rahat Bash = Stay comfortable rest
 - Farsi = The form of Persian spoken in Iran
- Key historical and geographical information such as:
 - Telisia / Sang Safid = Detention centres where illegal immigrants are sent
 - Toman = The currency / money used in Iran



- The physical and emotional challenges faced by emigrating
- What is means to be repatriated.

Students will be able to:

- Using exploratory talk, discuss: How does Geda structure the extract on page 94 & 95 to interest the reader?
- Answer the question: How does Geda structure the extract (Page 94 & 95) to interest the reader?
- Using exploratory talk, discuss: How does Geda use language to create a chaotic scene?
- Answer the question: How does Geda use language to create a chaotic scene? (106/7)

What I will know and understand about Chapter Four - Turkey:

- The key term desensitized.
- Akbari's attitude to ongoing violence (115)
- What human rights are, the range of human rights and the rights Akbari has been denied.
- The different physical environments Akbari must travel through and the conditions
- The horrors of the journey underneath the lorry and how Geda presents it.

I will be able to:

- o Through exploratory talk, discuss to what extent do you agree that Akbari has been desensitized to violence (p124)
- Through exploratory talk, explore what Nelson Mandela's means by: "to deny people their human rights is to deny their humanity."
- Select a human right and write a effective rhetoric that justifies the need for such a right. You will use a variety of
 persuasive devices like rhetorical questions, anecdotes, counter arguments, facts and opinions, hyperbole, expert
 evidence to support arguments, emotive language and triadic structure.
- Answer the question: How does Geda use language to present the horrors of the journey under the lorry?

Assessment:

Write a letter to his absent mother explaining the horrors and issues of his journey so far.

- Use the key components of The Purbeck School writing mat in your writing.
- o Choose suitably ambitious vocabulary and expanded noun phrases to describe the danger.
- Use a range of literary methods such as: simile / metaphor / personification / sibilance / alliteration / onomatopoeia to emphasise the horror and issues you have faced.

What I will know and understand about Chapter Five - Greece:

- The significance of Ancient Greece in the narrative.
- Key geographical details such as:
 - Mytilene The capital city of the Greek island of Lesbos
 - Athens The capital of Greece
 - Corinth Ancient city in south, east Greece.
- The different language methods Geda use's to describe the journey by boat and the effects created.
- **Empathise** with Akbari's relief on entering the shipping container.

I will be able to:

- Annotate the extract, commenting on the language methods Geda used (151/152.)
- Write the answer to the following question: Explain how Geda uses language to present the journey by boat.
- Write a description or narrative piece inspired by Akbari's actions: stowing away in the shipping container.



What I will know and understand about Chapter Six - Italy:

- Key geographical details such as:
 - Venice The capital city of Italy's Venneto region. It has no roads, just canals.
 - **Piazzale Roma** A square at the entrance to the city of Venice. The square serves as Venice's bus station and is the place where most tourists arrive in the city.
 - Rome The capital city of the Lazio region of Italy.
 - Crotone, Calabria A port town in southern Italy.
 - Turin The capital city of Piedmont in northern Italy
- The different language methods Geda uses to describe the end of journey and how kindness is shown.

I will be able to:

- Through exploratory talk, discuss: 'In the Sea there are Crocodiles' is a powerful book that all Y8 students should read.

 To what extent do you agree? What effect did it have on you personally?
- o Comment on the **language** used by Geda in the final chapter to show the kindness Akbari receives.